

Code of Conduct for United States Judges

The Code of Conduct for United States Judges includes the ethical canons that apply to federal judges and provides guidance on their performance of official duties and engagement in a variety of outside activities.

[Code of Conduct for U.S. Judges](#) (pdf) (effective March 12, 2019)

Canon 1: A Judge Should Uphold the Integrity and Independence of the Judiciary

Canon 2: A Judge Should Avoid Impropriety and the Appearance of Impropriety in all Activities (blocking me from responding by keeping me on mute)

A. *Respect for Law.* A judge should respect and comply with the law and should act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the integrity and impartiality of the judiciary.

Canon 2A An appearance of impropriety occurs when reasonable minds, with knowledge of all the relevant circumstances disclosed by a reasonable inquiry, would conclude that the judge's honesty, integrity, impartiality, temperament, or fitness to serve as a judge is impaired. Public confidence in the judiciary is eroded by irresponsible or improper conduct by judges, including harassment and other inappropriate workplace behavior. A judge must avoid all impropriety and appearance of impropriety. This prohibition applies to both professional and personal conduct. A judge must expect to be the subject of constant public scrutiny and accept freely and willingly restrictions that might be viewed as burdensome by the ordinary citizen. Because it is not practicable to list all prohibited acts, the prohibition is necessarily cast in general terms that extend to conduct by judges that is harmful although not specifically mentioned in the Code. Actual improprieties under this standard include violations of law, court rules, or other specific provisions of this Code

B. *Outside Influence.* A judge should not allow family, social, political, financial, or other relationships to influence judicial conduct or judgment. A judge should neither lend the prestige of the judicial office to advance the private interests of the judge or others nor convey or permit others to convey the impression that they are in a special position to influence the judge. A judge should not testify voluntarily as a character witness.

Canon 3: A Judge Should Perform the Duties of the Office Fairly, Impartially and Diligently

The duties of judicial office take precedence over all other activities. The judge should perform those duties with respect for others, and should not engage in behavior that is harassing, abusive, prejudiced, or biased. The judge should adhere to the following standards:

A. Adjudicative Responsibilities.

(1) A judge should be faithful to, and maintain professional competence in, the law and should not be swayed by partisan interests, public clamor, or fear of criticism

(2)

(3) A judge should be patient, dignified, respectful, and courteous to litigants, jurors, witnesses, lawyers, and others with whom the judge deals in an official capacity. A judge should require similar conduct by those subject to the judge's control, including lawyers to the extent consistent with their role in the adversary process.

(4) A judge should accord to every person who has a legal interest in a proceeding, and that person's lawyer, the full right to be heard according to law.

KEEPING ME MUTED NOT ALLOWING ME TO SPEAK THEN ANSWERING FOR ME WOULD BE THIS

B. Administrative Responsibilities.

(4) A judge should practice civility, by being patient, dignified, respectful, and courteous, in dealings with court personnel, including chambers staff. A judge should not engage in any form of harassment of court personnel. A judge should not retaliate against those who report misconduct. A judge should hold court personnel under the judge's direction to similar standards.

KEEPING ME MUTED NOT ALLOWING ME TO SPEAK THEN ANSWERING FOR ME WOULD BE THIS

(5) A judge with supervisory authority over other judges should take reasonable measures to ensure that they perform their duties timely and effectively.

Judge JULIE PALAFOX SHOULD CHECK JUDGE ISRAEL CLAUSTRO (CLOUDED CLASUSTRO) A LOOKING INTO

(6) A judge should take appropriate action upon receipt of reliable information indicating the likelihood that a judge's conduct contravened this Code, that a judicial employee's conduct contravened the Code of Conduct for Judicial Employees, or that a lawyer violated applicable rules of professional conduct.

Judge JULIE PALAFOX SHOULD CHECK JUDGE ISRAEL CLAUSTRO (CLOUDED CLASUSTRO) A LOOKING INTO

C. Disqualification.

(1) A judge shall disqualify himself or herself in a proceeding in which the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned, including but not limited to instances in which: (a) the judge has a personal bias or prejudice concerning a party, or personal knowledge of disputed evidentiary facts concerning the proceeding;

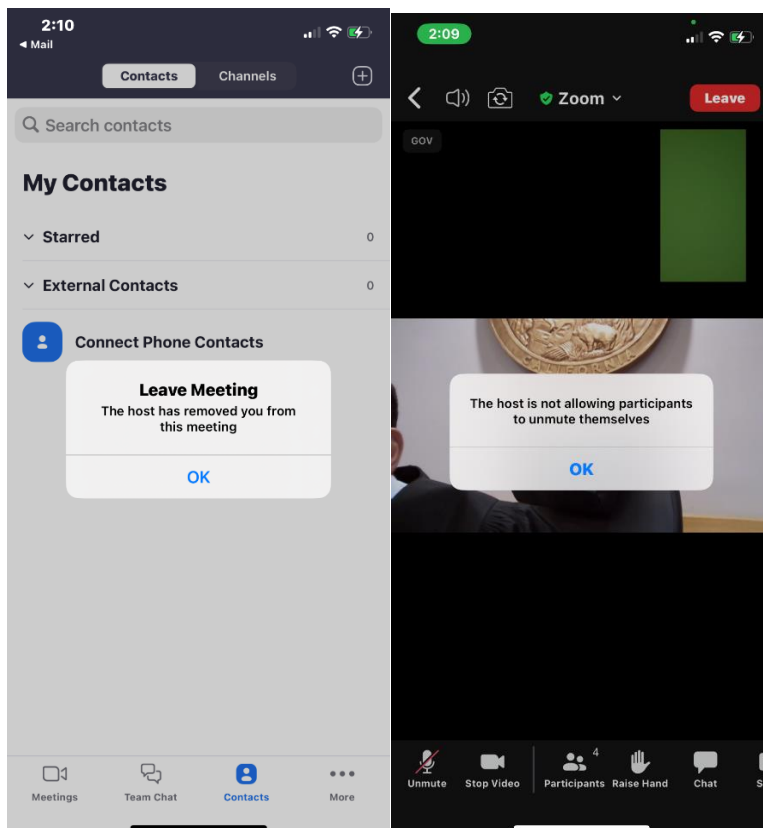
(e) the judge has served in governmental employment

(THE DA OFFICE THAT HATES ME AND HAS MULTIPLE MALICIOUS PROSECUTIONS AND ABUSE OF PROCESSES GOING ON)

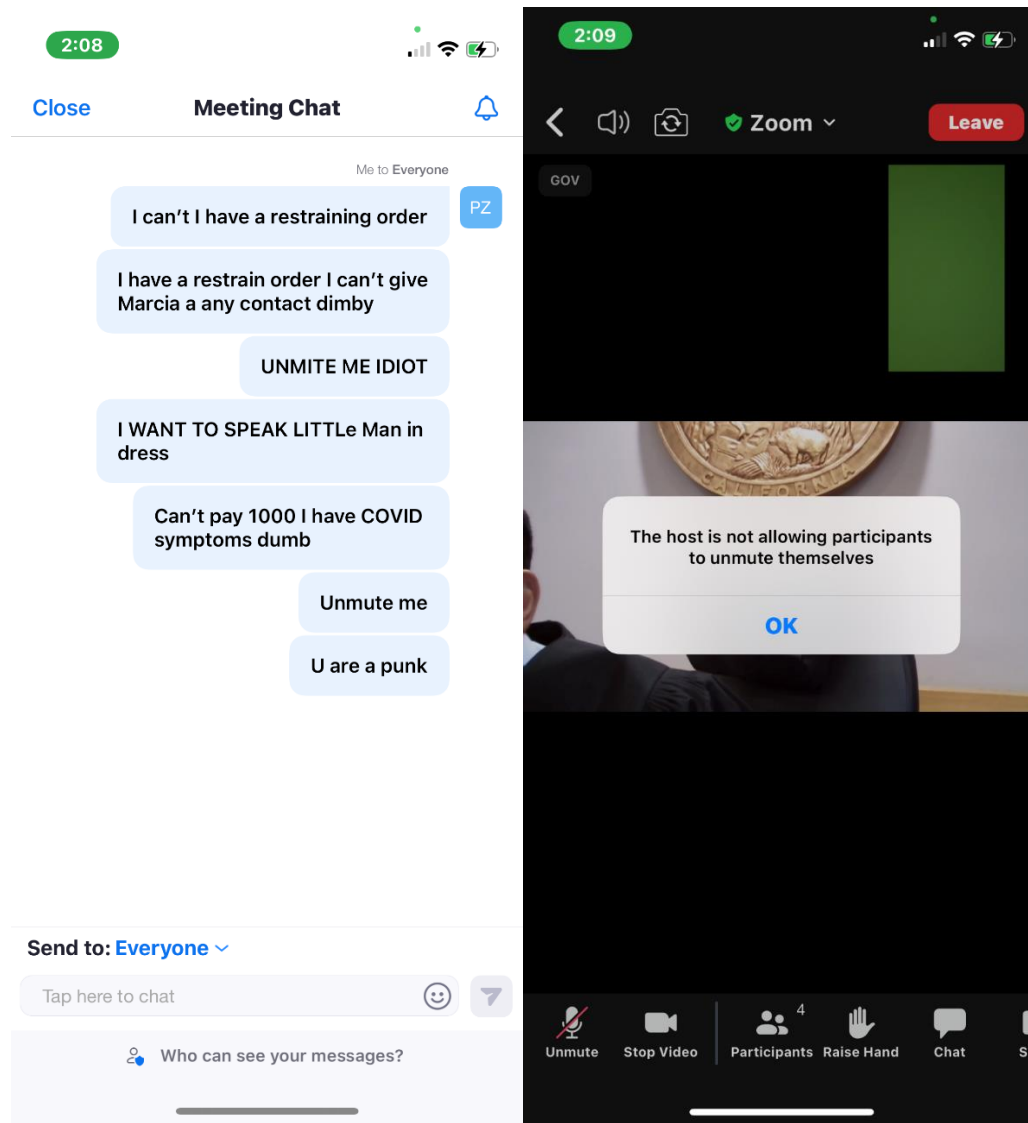
and in that capacity participated as a judge (in a previous judicial position), counsel, advisor, or material witness concerning the proceeding or has expressed an opinion concerning the merits of the particular case in controversy.

(HE ALSO STARTS OF MY CASE WITH A DIRECT DISDAIN FOR ME AND MENTIONS ANOTHER JUDGE, IT WAS MY FIRST EXPIENCE WITH ISRAEL CLAUSTRO

Canon 3A(3) The duty to hear all proceedings fairly and with patience is not inconsistent with the duty to dispose promptly of the business of the court. Courts can be efficient and businesslike while being patient and deliberate. The duty under Canon 2 to act in a manner that promotes public confidence in the integrity and impartiality of the judiciary applies to all the judge's activities, including the discharge of the judge's adjudicative and administrative responsibilities. The duty to be respectful includes the responsibility to avoid comment or behavior that could reasonably be interpreted as harassment, prejudice or bias. THEY KICK ME OUT OF AM COURT BECAUSE THEY SEE MY VIDEO SCREEN IS GREEN ITS BROKEN, I CAN NOT SPEAK DUE TO THEM MUTING ME AND FORICING ME NOT TO HAVE MY DUE PROCESS. THEY BLAME ME FOR ALL THIS AND CONTINUE COURT TILL 1:45 PM

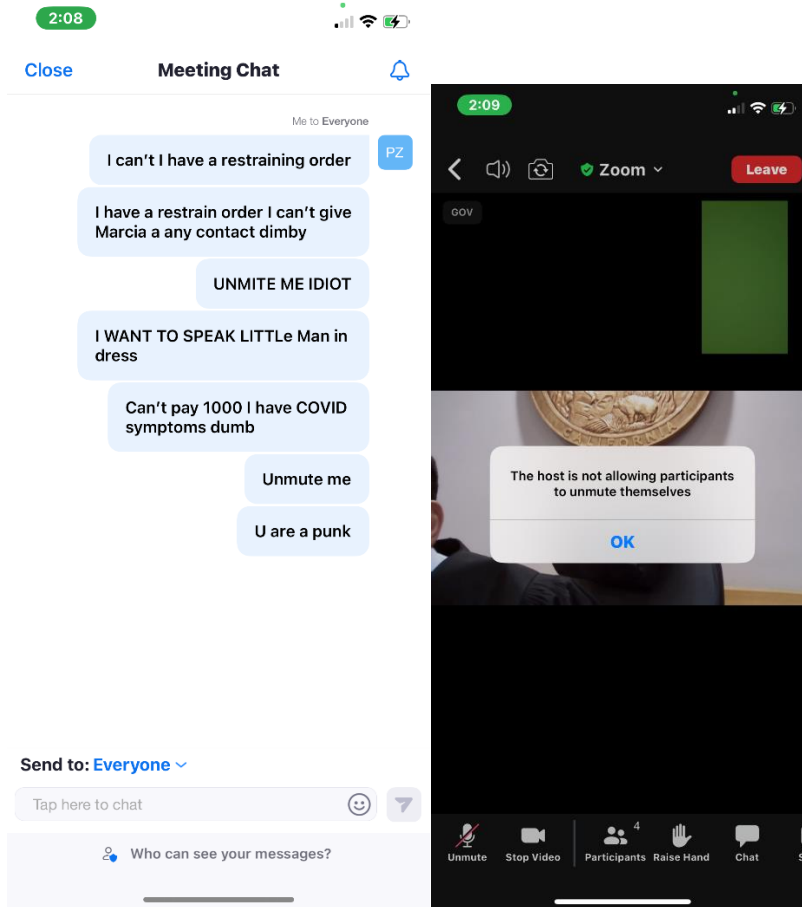


KEEPING ME MUTED NOT ALLOWING ME TO SPEAK THEN ANSWERING FOR ME WOULD BE THIS Canon 3A(3)



Canon 3A(5) In disposing of matters promptly, efficiently, and fairly, a judge must demonstrate due regard for the rights of the parties to be heard and to have issues resolved without unnecessary cost or delay.

KEEPING ME MUTED NOT ALLOWING ME TO SPEAK THEN ANSWERING FOR ME WOULD BE THIS Canon 3A(5)



KEEPING ME MUTED NOT ALLOWING ME TO SPEAK THEN ANSWERING FOR ME WOULD BE THIS

SAYING HE WILL THROW OUT A CONTEMPT CASE BY REASSURING THE MOTHER HE WILL

THIS CONTEPT CASE COVERS A WANTED FUGITIVE SEX OFFENDER WHO TOOK PHOTOS OF HIS PENIS ON MY SONS PRIMARY COMMUICATION DEVICE, REPEATEDLY COMING OVER THE MOTHERS HOME AGAINST A JUDGES ORDERS . HE HIMSELF AND THE PETITIONER ARE BOTH MANDATED REPORTERS NOW TELL ON YOURSELF MARCIA AND JUDGE TELL ON THE MOTHER OPEN THE INVESTIGATION NEEDED BY LAW AND HAVE CHILD PSYCHOLOGISTS TRAINED IN SEX CRIMES INTERVIEW MY SON AND CERTIFY HE HAS NEVER BEEN HARMED IN ANYWAY! DO YOU JOB

Canon 3A(6) Public confidence in the integrity and impartiality of the judiciary is promoted when judges take appropriate action based on reliable information of likely misconduct.

THE JUDGE WAS OVER FOCUSED ON MY PHYSICAL APPEANACE WHICH IS NOT MANDATORY, AND I AM THE ONE WHO FILED THE COMPLAINT. I AM NOT THE CRIMINAL HERE, THE MOTHER IS, YET HE DEMANDS I PHYSICALLY BE HERE AS HE MUST CONSPIRE WITH HIS COCONSPIRATORS IN THE OCDA OFFICE TO “ABUSE OF THE PROCESS SO THE DA OFFICE CAN SECURE AN ARREST ON ME FOR MALICIOUS CHARGES THEY PLAN ON DROPPING!

JUDGE ISRAEL WORKED THERE AT THE OCDA OFFICE DURING THE TIME OF MY CONTINUED HARRASMENT BY THE OCDA OFFICE. HE IS PART OF THE CONSPIRACY TO DEPRIVE ME OF JUSTICE AND FAIRNESS AND EQUALLY GIVE ME JUSTICE, FAIRNESS, TIME WITH MY SON AND GIVE MY SON THE SAFE HOME AS PER PRIOR JUDGES ORDERS

These orders stated “**THE WANTED FUGITIVE SEX OFENDER GREGORY NIGEL ROBERTSON BE PERMANENTLY REMOVED FROM MY 8 YEAR OLD SONS HOME” AND OVER THE LAST 2 YEARS SHE REPEATEDLY BREAKS THIS ORDER ALLOWING THIS SEX OFFENDER OVER AND ENDAGERING MY SON WITH A WANTED FUGITIVE SEX OFFENDER THAT HAS TAKEN PHOTOS OF HIS ADULT PENIS AND PUT THEM ON MY 8 YEAR OLD SONS PHONE!@ Even after 2 judges questioned her and if she truly understood the order and she replied yes your honor.**

- Rule 4.4 states that when representing a client, a lawyer should not use means that have no substantial purpose other than to embarrass, delay, or burden a third person

Petitioner Marcia Robertson's words here taken from 04-07-21 Transcript page 50-51

23 MS. ROBERTSON, I NEED -- I'M NOT MAKING ANY
24 CHANGE RIGHT NOW TO THE ORDER REGARDING NIGEL AND MICHAEL.
25 I NEED YOU TO UNDERSTAND THAT.
26 DO YOU UNDERSTAND THAT, MA'AM?

50

1 MS. ROBERTSON: YES, YOUR HONOR.
2 THE COURT: OKAY. THAT ORDER REMAINS IN EFFECT AND
3 YOU --
4 MS. ROBERTSON: YES, YOUR HONOR.

18 MR. DRAGNA: Well, you know, I've been
19 described them. Frankly, I don't care to a look at male
20 genitals. So I just chose not to take look at them. I
21 presume that the representation from the various people
22 who have seen them can testify to that.

23 I spoke with Nigel myself. And he acknowledged
24 that about eight of the pictures he had did include the
25 pictures of, you know, private parts that his brother
26 should not have seen, that he didn't see as far as he

Stacy Purcella, RPR, CSR 13620
Official Court Reporter

17FL000138

Marcia Robertson vs Phillip M. Zullo

Page 7

1 knows .

2 MR. ZULLO: Then why is it on his phone? Did
3 anybody ask him that? Why is it on the child's phone?

4 THE COURT: Well, hold up. We'll get to you in
5 just a second, Mr. Zullo.

6 MR. ZULLO: Yes, your Honor. No problem.

The court is well aware thanks to testimony from COURT APPOINTED MINOR COUNCIL STEVEN DRAGNA that my son's phone did contain "you know dick pics!" on my minor sons phone of an adult caregiver which is a crime a weird and sick! Its Penal code 288 / 288.2 and must be addressed, he is also a wanted fugitive sex offender for 2 other sex crimes in both Orange County and La County. The mom is harboring the fugitive sex offender against the judges orders words here taken from 03-02-21 Transcript page 6-7

The judge has turned me into the criminal he started our brand new relationship off on the wrong foot at the very beginning by bringing up some other judge and date. This was the OC Courts new slate they could have started with me, but instead they continued the bias uncivil court room with judges that lack civility and temperance which is required by all good leaders. Temperance and civic mindedness, not aggressive governmental control but love for justice fairness and equality. And of course keeping my son safe and giving me fair and equal access to him per my civil rights 14th amendment section 9.32

If I do not allow this judge to **abuse the process** and physically order me the petitioner of a civil contempt case, then I forfeit the case that's helps my son be safe. If I attend I am immediately arrested by OCSD for other crimes related to the abusive OCDA office and their malicious prosecution of me which this judge worked at the entire time I had this problem with the DA office now he is treating me like a criminal instead of a father seeking justice trying to protect his son from a wanted fugitive sex offender! And this is the ABUSE OF PROCESS

Israel Izzy Clouded Claustro turned on me and has no concern for the welfare and safety but he is unaware that civil hearings and certain conditions allow for telephonic/video appearance, this is not criminal this is civil!

My dad had a stroke I am attending a civil hearing where I am not the person guilty. I am asking for a contempt hearing against my ex who

has a wanted fugitive sex offender around my son and we have a court order stating he is not to be there or anywhere around my son. I am not the guilty criminal here, the mother is

This new judge doomed his own seating of my case by not coming in with a clean slate and a clear mind, instead he Starts off on bad foot by scolding me about another judge

Get transcripts of Cortes today show screenshot of how quart room was blocking my ability to speak, even when I was asked to speak

Provide the judge with an online link to the digital media

Compile all the information about this judge and how he worked at the district attorneys office for head of courts since 2020

Explain how he starts off the court on our first meeting by bringing up an experience I had with another judge which has nothing to do with him or his courtroom

He showed bias when he would not allow me to speak. They not an muting me, and then, after I lose my temper, he takes a screenshot with his passive aggressiveness for failing to give me due process to speak

The judge replies that he's finding me \$1000 for not showing up

He also doesn't listen very carefully with my lawyer told him I have symptoms of Covid, which can be like the flu as well. Symptoms alone says the headmaster judge is reasons for video court.

The judge replies that I must show him a positive Covid test
If I have Covid symptoms that doesn't guarantee that I actually have Covid, and nowhere in the US government forced me to provide a test of my biological's without being a criminal

He also does it do the court procedure when there is a serious medical event with a family member, which also allows video court

The judge is there to punish the mother for a wanted, fugitive, sex offender repeatedly around my son, and he turns me into the criminal as usual the courts have missed treated me

He wants me to submit to him digital evidence, which is stored on a Google Drive. I can't submit it in paper for these are video surveillance.

I have five licensed private detectives that need to testify and they can't be brought in by me in a physical form on August 14 as a piece of paper evidence. These are human beings, and must be physically summoned subpoenaed, and have time to prepare there evidence he's demanding that I physically bring him evidence into his quart room. They August 14 in preparers for the actual court date Which Takes place September 15th.

Also, I have an attorney on record which is hostile and can't remove himself till September 15. Unfortunately, I've been maliciously labeled a vaccinations litigation so I cannot defend myself and the judge wants me to turn in evidence that is not legally properly annotated by an attorney, so this judge is creating a conflict of interest entirely, and making it impossible to have due process that is fair and equal to the parties at hand, instead, he's making me the criminal. Well, the mother is actually the criminal in contempt of court orders multiple times while endangering my son and bringing a wanted fugitive sex offender over the house, witnessed by both video surveillance and documented by five licensed private detectives.

Unfortunately, his incompetence and bias towards me doesn't allow me to even speak up for myself where I can tell the incompetent biased judge that I have witnesses and I have a lengthy video evidence that does not fit on thumb drives

I asked him to be removed for being bias in several areas, and he's not afforded me my due process, and he has muted me from being able to completely answer his questions in any way, shape or form, due to his shutting of my ability to speak to digital preferences he purposely chose to sit and then when I get upset via text and tell him, he's a man and address, which is what he is he punishes me with more fines after he caused all of it. He's vindictive and needs to be removed. I cannot get fair treatment this regard to the safety of my son, and this judge will be attached to my family law case which has something to do with my rights under the 14th amendment section 9.32.

The family law system has to be fair to me. They got a quit manipulating their system, abusing the process and being vindictive and malicious they need to understand that they're not only hurting my rights but they're hurting my sons right they're damaging my son and they will be held accountable for being out of their jurisdiction by being malicious

There such thing as 241 and 242, conspiracy and deprivation of rights, and when I can link all of you together for what you've done to me as a conglomerate you all will be held accountable

If I do not show up physically and get arrestest and set up by the OCDA and this Judge who just left that office, then the judge will CANCEL THE CONTEMPT!

ma'am " this contempt is regarding repeated abuse of ANOTHER judges keep away order, by mother repeatedly bringing a wanted fugitive sex offender around my son. Violating judges standing orders

2:08



Close

Meeting Chat



Me to Everyone

I can't I have a restraining order

PZ

I have a restrain order I can't give Marcia a any contact dimby

UNMITE ME IDIOT

I WANT TO SPEAK LITTLE Man in dress

Can't pay 1000 I have COVID symptoms dumb

Unmute me

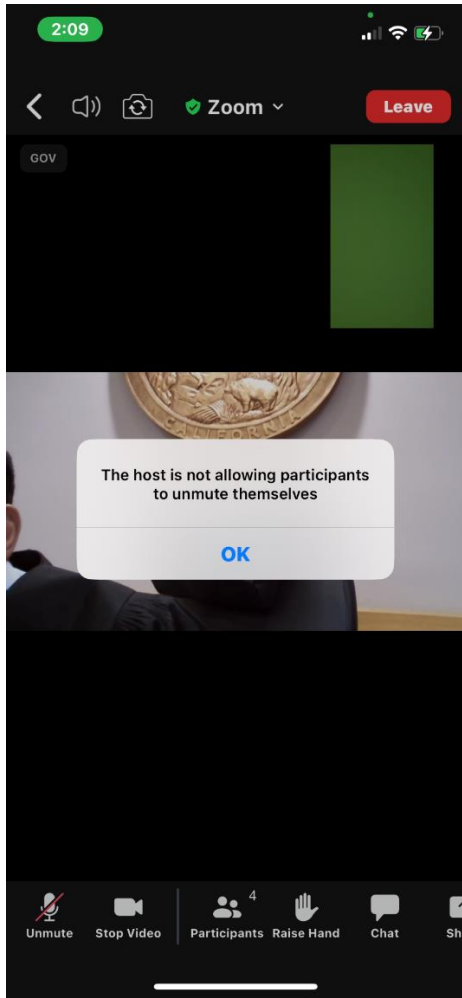
U are a punk

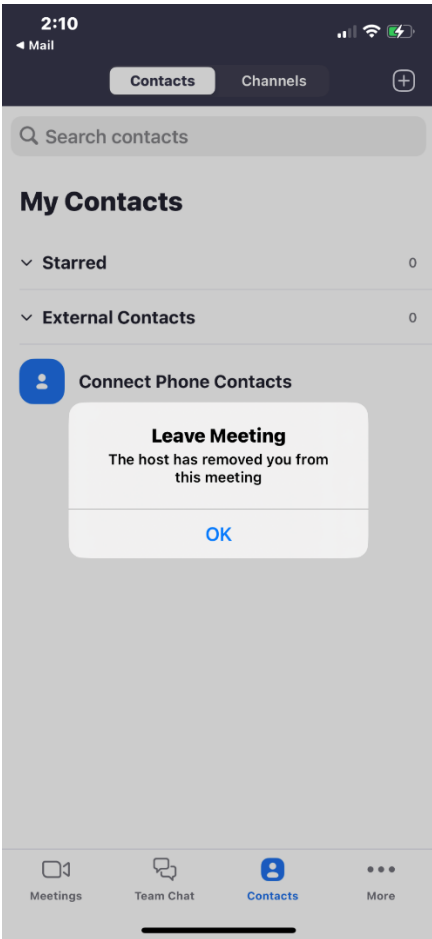
Send to: Everyone

Tap here to chat



Who can see your messages?





Section 170.6 - Judge or court commissioner prejudiced against party or attorney or interest of party or attorney

RECUSE YOURSELF YOU ARE AN EMBARRASSMENT TO LAW AND NOT CIVIC MINDED NOR DO YOU SHOW TEMPRANCE. YOU SHOW COTEMPT FOR JUSTICE AND SAFETY OF CHILDREN AND MY RIGHTS AS A PARENT AND MY DUE PROCESS RIGHTS TO SPEAK ANSWER AND DEFEND MYSELF

Why Judges, District Attorneys or Attorneys Must Sometimes Recuse Themselves

<https://goodshepherdmedia.net/why-judges-district-attorneys-or-attorneys-must-sometimes-recuse-themselves/>

A fiduciary duty is a legal responsibility to act in the best interest of another party. The term "fiduciary" comes from the Latin word for trust, and a person with a fiduciary duty has a legal obligation to maintain that trust. For example, lawyers have a fiduciary duty to act in the best interest of their clients.

Fiduciary duties include duties of care, loyalty, good faith, confidentiality, prudence, and disclosure. The person with a fiduciary duty is known as the fiduciary, and the person or persons they are responsible to are referred to as the principal or the beneficiary.

<https://goodshepherdmedia.net/what-is-a-fiduciary-duty-breach-of-fiduciary-duty/>

HERE ARE MY CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS BEING VIOLATED

- **9.32 Particular Rights - Fourteenth Amendment - Interference with Parent/Child Relationship**

<https://goodshepherdmedia.net/9-32-particular-rights-fourteenth-amendment-interference-with-parent-child-relationship/>

- **Deliberate Indifference - Causing Harm**

<https://goodshepherdmedia.net/deliberate-indifference-causing-harm-due-process-clause/>

- **The way you disrespected justice and my rights you should be removed from office under Cal. Gov. Code § 3073** <https://goodshepherdmedia.net/cal-gov-code-%C2%A7-3073-removal-from-office/>

- **Prior prejudice**

- **The link below has a vast catalog of my relationship with my son.**

<https://goodshepherdmedia.net/daddy-son-suffer/>

- **– Due Process**

- <https://goodshepherdmedia.net/introducing-text-email-digital-evidence-in-california-courts/>

- **42 U.S. Code § 1983 - Civil action for deprivation of rights**

<https://goodshepherdmedia.net/42-us-code-1983-civil-action-for-deprivation-of-rights/>

- **California Civil Code Section 52.1** <https://goodshepherdmedia.net/california-civil-code-section-52-1/>

- **Senate Bill 1141** <https://goodshepherdmedia.net/what-sb-1141-does/>

- **JOHN GEDDES LAWRENCE and TYRON GARNER, PETITIONERS v. TEXAS** Justice Kennedy delivered the opinion of the Court. Liberty protects the person from unwarranted government intrusions into a dwelling or other private places. In our tradition the State is not omnipresent in the home. And there are other spheres of our lives and existence, outside the home, where the State should not be a dominant presence. Freedom extends beyond spatial bounds. Liberty presumes an autonomy of self that includes freedom of thought, belief, expression, and certain intimate conduct. The instant case involves liberty of the person both in its spatial and more transcendent dimensions.
<https://goodshepherdmedia.net/john-geddes-lawrence-and-tyron-garner-petitioners-v-texas/>
- You failed to adhere to common rulings as well <https://goodshepherdmedia.net/mathews-v-eldridge-due-process-5th-14th-amendment/>
- <https://goodshepherdmedia.net/mathews-v-eldridge-due-process-5th-14th-amendment/>
- 3 part Mathews Test My due process was murdered by you!
- You are out of your jurisdiction in many areas
<https://goodshepherdmedia.net/jurisdiction-judges-immunity-judicial-ethics/>
<https://goodshepherdmedia.net/judicial-immunity-from-civil-and-criminal-liability/>
- You violated my The Americans with Disabilities Act - Disability rights are civil rights. From voting to parking, the ADA is a law that protects people with disabilities in many areas of public life. I suffer from Asperger's! have you heard of people who suffer from Asperger's can be some of the highest IQ's on the planet! Are you aware of the correlation between Aspergers , hyper intelligent, gifted and Genius? Quite frankly with your behavior I can see not. You are also not aware of my PTSD that I suffered from incarceration which causes me to speak the truth and disregard your ignorant nonsense. PTSD suffered by guards not restraining violent known offenders and allowing abuse to me. So my PTSD towards Authority is from the suffering I endured at the hands of my captures. I only mouth off with the truth to authority. I am far smarter than you, my IQ is 168 yours is less than 110 your are not too bright sir. I feel sorry you were unable, due to incompetence and lack of education, have the ability to properly judge facts of the case, keep my rights in tact and use ORDER IN THE COURT MR ZULLO IF YOU DO NOT GET YOUR MOUTH TOGETHER I WILL JAIL YOU FOR CONTEMPT, but... you are too dumb to use your power correctly and your viscously harmed a PTSD American with disability. You inability to recognize my PTSD from my past 8 year incarceration which you were made aware of, THAT IS WHERE I MET THE PETITIONER, SHE WAS MY NURSE AT THE FACILITY I WAS INCARCERATED AT.... bringing ME WEED AT THE TIME AND SEX AS WELL! So you knew of my long incarceration you have no education of what jail does? You should NEVER BE A JUDGE THEN!. MY DISABILITY OF BEING HYPER INTELLIGENT LEADS TO ANGER WITH DUMB AUTHORITY FIGURES, ITS LIKE CANT HE SEE CORRECTLY plays in my head while you spat nonsense and LACK THE AUTHORITY TO CONTROL YOUR COURT CORRECTLY WITH CONTEMPT! INSTEAD YOU TAKE MY FATHERHOOD RIGHTS AWAY WITHOUT DUE PROCESS
- **Misconduct - Know More of Your Rights**
<https://goodshepherdmedia.net/misconduct-know-more-of-your-rights>
- Two Court of Appeal cases have applied section 815.6 [fn. 4](#) in situations very similar to the instant case. In Shakespeare v. City of

Pasadena (1964) 230 Cal.App.2d 375 [40 Cal.Rptr. 863], plaintiff was kept in jail after sufficient bail had been posted for his release in disregard of the mandatory duty to release on posting of bail provided in Penal Code section 1295. The Court of Appeal held that failure of the city to perform its statutorily imposed mandatory duty to release plaintiff rendered it directly liable for [12 Cal.3d 716] damages under section 815.6. The mandatory duty to release on bail was designed to protect against the very injury which occurred.

- Bradford v. State of California (1973) 36 Cal.App.3d 16 [111 Cal.Rptr. 852], employees of the State of California failed to record the fact that charges had been dismissed against the plaintiff; as a result he was rearrested. The Court of Appeal held that Penal Code sections 11116 and 11116.6 imposing a mandatory duty upon the state to record such dismissals, were intended to avoid the danger of possible future illegal arrest and incarceration. The state could not claim immunity from liability for damages arising out of its failure to perform a mandatory duty imposed by statute

YOU ARE ALL ON NOTICE AS OF THIS WRITING AND YOU READING IT, you have manipulated justice due to bias and hatred towards me and you have no concern for justice or for the sex crimes committed against my son by him possessing these nude penis photos on his phone of his caregivers adult penis! Several penis photos all taken in broad daylight in public parks across southern California. You are depriving me of my rights to father hood 14th amendment section 9.32 you are sick twisted individuals who would rather control me who wants good things for his son then get justice for me and my son and protect him from these sex crimes and removing my sons right to his good father!

Penal Code section 31 describes the phrase "aiding and abetting"

you all know he is a sex criminal still committing sex crimes and the mother allows this man over the home of my son who he has violated by taking photos of his penis as his caregiver and storing these photos all over my sons primary communication device. This man has his own phone! He used my sons phone to photo his penis all over southern California parks!

accessory-after-the-fact

An accessory-after-the-fact is someone who assists

- 1) someone who has committed a crime,
- 2) after the person has committed the crime,
- 3) with knowledge that the person committed the crime, and
- 4) with the intent to help the person avoid arrest or punishment. An accessory after the fact may be held liable for, among other things, obstruction of justice.

Title 18 of the U.S. Code deals with crimes and criminal procedure. Accessory-after-the-fact has been codified in 18 U.S. Code § 3.

In *Bollenbach v. United States*, 326 U.S. 607 (1946), the Supreme Court refused to apply principal liability (either as a principal in the first degree or as a principal in the second degree) to an accessory-after-the-fact. This contrasts with the ability of an accessory before the fact to have principal liability.

https://www.law.cornell.edu/wex/accessory_after_the_fact

MY SON IS AROUND A WANTED FUGITIVE SEX OFFENDER THAT THE MOTHER KEEPS BRINGING OVER TO THE HOUSE REPEATEDLY. WE OFFERED VIDEO SURVEILLANCE AND TESTIMONY MULTIPLE TIMES. THE JUDGE AND THE PETITIONER MARCIA ROBERTSON ARE BOTH MANDATED REPORTERS BY LAW. MEANING

THE JUDGE HAS TO CALL CHILD SERVICES TO OPEN INVESTIGATE INTO THE GROWN MANS (SEX OFFENDER) PENIS FOUND MULTIPLE TIMES ON MY SONS PRIMARY COMMUNICATION DEVICE MIXED IN WITH MY SONS PICTURES OF SPIDERS AND OTHER STUFF HE TAKES AT 8 YEARS OLD. THE mother also has to tell on her self as she is a nurse

A list of persons whose profession qualifies them as "mandated reporters" of child abuse or neglect is found in California Penal Code Section 11165.7. The list is extensive and continues to grow. It includes all school/district employees, administrators, and athletic coaches. All persons hired into positions included on the list of mandated reporters are required, upon employment, to be provided with a statement, informing them that they are a mandated reporter and their obligations to report suspected cases of abuse and neglect pursuant to California Penal Code Section 11166.5.

11165.7.

(a) As used in this article, "mandated reporter" is defined as any of the following:

(12) A licensing worker or licensing evaluator employed by a licensing agency as defined in Section 11162.1.

(13) A public assistance worker.

(18) A district attorney investigator, inspector, or local child support agency caseworker unless the investigator, inspector, or caseworker is working with an attorney appointed pursuant to Section 317 of the Welfare and Institutions Code to represent a minor.

(19) A peace officer, as defined in Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 830) of Title 3 of Part 2, who is not otherwise described in this section

A judge should not manifest bias or prejudice in the performance of their judicial duties, including by words or conduct. This includes bias, prejudice, or harassment based on race, sex, gender, religion, national origin, ethnicity, disability, age, sexual orientation, or marital status.

A judge who manifests bias or prejudice in a proceeding can impair the fairness of the proceeding and bring the judiciary into disrepute.

Rule 2.3: Bias, Prejudice, and Harassment

(A) A judge shall perform the duties of judicial office, including administrative duties, without bias or prejudice.

(B) A judge shall not, in the performance of judicial duties, by words or conduct manifest bias or prejudice, or engage in harassment, including but not limited to bias, prejudice, or harassment based upon race, sex, gender, religion, national origin, ethnicity, disability, age, sexual orientation, marital status, socioeconomic status, or political affiliation, and shall not permit court staff, court officials, or others subject to the judge's direction and control to do so.

(C) A judge shall require lawyers in proceedings before the court to refrain from manifesting bias or prejudice, or engaging in harassment, based upon attributes including but not limited to race, sex, gender, religion, national origin, ethnicity, disability, age, sexual orientation, marital status, socioeconomic status, or political affiliation, against parties, witnesses, lawyers, or others.

(D) The restrictions of paragraphs (B) and (C) do not preclude judges or lawyers from making legitimate reference to the listed factors, or similar factors, when they are relevant to an issue in a proceeding.

https://www.americanbar.org/groups/professional_responsibility/publications/model_code_of_judicial_conduct/model_code_of_judicial_conduct_canon_2/rule2_3biasprejudiceandharassment/

Model Rule 1.2(d) prohibits lawyers from counseling or assisting a client in conduct that the lawyer knows is criminal or fraudulent. This includes conduct that violates any law, rule, or ruling of a tribunal.

If judge who is a lawyer throws out a contempt because I cannot show up physically due to OCDA abusing warrant system and this contempt I filed to help keep my son safe and make sure the judges order to remove the sex offender are held than he is assisting is this crime with the mother as well

Rule 2.3: Bias, Prejudice, and Harassment

(A) A judge shall perform the duties of judicial office, including administrative duties, without bias or prejudice.

(B) A judge shall not, in the performance of judicial duties, by words or conduct manifest bias or prejudice, or engage in harassment, including but not limited to bias, prejudice, or harassment based upon race, sex, gender, religion, national origin, ethnicity, disability, age, sexual orientation, marital status, socioeconomic status, or political affiliation, and shall not permit court staff, court officials, or others subject to the judge's direction and control to do so.

(C) A judge shall require lawyers in proceedings before the court to refrain from manifesting bias or prejudice, or engaging in harassment, based upon attributes including but not limited to race, sex, gender, religion, national origin, ethnicity, disability, age, sexual orientation, marital status, socioeconomic status, or political affiliation, against parties, witnesses, lawyers, or others.

(D) The restrictions of paragraphs (B) and (C) do not preclude judges or lawyers from making legitimate reference to the listed factors, or similar factors, when they are relevant to an issue in a proceeding.

Rule 3.10. Application *The Civil Rules apply to all civil cases in the superior courts.*

Rule 3.670. Telephone appearance (a) Policy favoring telephone appearances The intent of this rule is to promote uniformity in the practices and procedures relating to telephone appearances in civil cases. To improve access to the courts and reduce litigation costs, courts should permit parties, to the extent feasible, to appear by telephone at appropriate conferences, hearings, and proceedings in civil cases. (Subd (a) adopted effective January 1, 2008.)

(k) Title IV-D proceedings (1) Court-provided telephone appearance services.

Advisory Committee Comment

This rule does not apply to criminal or juvenile matters, and it also does not apply to family law matters, except in certain respects as provided in rule 5.324 relating to telephone appearances in proceedings for child or family support under Title IV-D of the Social Security Act. (See Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.670(b) [rule applies to general civil cases and unlawful detainer and probate proceedings]; rule 5.324(j) [subdivisions (j)–(q) of rule 3.670 apply to telephone appearances in Title IV-D proceedings].)

Subdivision (d). The inclusion of ex parte applications in this rule is intended to address only the way parties may appear and is not intended to alter the way courts handle ex parte applications.

Subdivision (h). Under *subdivision (h)(6)*, **good cause should be construed consistent with the policy** in (a) and in **Code of Civil Procedure section 367.5(a) favoring telephone appearances**. Some examples of good cause to appear by telephone without notice include **personal or family illness**, death in the family, natural disasters, and unexpected transportation delays or interruption.

and I have covid/flu symptoms PER ERICK L LARSH sitting presiding judge I cannot attend due to my infectious possibility

COURT OPERATIONS AND COVID-19 INFORMATION

The courthouses of Orange County Superior Court are open for in-person services. Some hearings will continue to be conducted remotely by video appearance. Please ensure you review the case-type information below before traveling to a courthouse.

Members of the public are no longer required to wear a mask/facial covering when entering Court facilities regardless of vaccination status, but the use of masks/face coverings is still strongly recommended by the Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and the California Department of Public Health (CDPH). The Court continues to require certain safety measures for COVID-19 exposure. Therefore, in compliance with state and local guidelines, orders, and ordinances, persons who test positive for COVID-19 or display symptoms (irrespective of vaccination status) that are consistent with COVID-19 will not be allowed to enter Court facilities for at least five days, from the start of symptoms or date of testing, if asymptomatic. (Please click on the link to the latest **Administrative Order** with details on this subject).

https://www.occourts.org/media-relations/covid/AmendedAdminOrder20-17_03-08-2022.pdf

What is Abuse of Process? When the Government Fails Us

<https://goodshepherdmedia.net/what-is-abuse-of-process-when-the-government-fails-us/>

18 U.S. Code § 241 - Conspiracy against rights

<https://goodshepherdmedia.net/18-u-s-code-%c2%a7-241-conspiracy-against-rights/>

18 U.S. Code § 242 - Deprivation of rights under color of law

<https://goodshepherdmedia.net/18-u-s-code-%c2%a7-242-deprivation-of-rights-under-color-of-law/>

28 U.S. Code § 144 - Bias or prejudice of judge

Whenever a party to any proceeding in a district court makes and files a timely and sufficient affidavit that the judge before whom the matter is pending has a personal bias or prejudice either against him or in favor of any adverse party, such judge shall proceed no further therein, but another judge shall be assigned to hear such proceeding.

The affidavit shall state the facts and the reasons for the belief that bias or prejudice exists, and shall be filed not less than ten days before the beginning of the term at which the proceeding is to be heard, or good cause shall be shown for failure to file it within such time. A party may file only one such affidavit in any case. It shall be accompanied by a certificate of counsel of record stating that it is made in good faith.

(June 25, 1948, ch. 646, [62 Stat. 898](#); May 24, 1949, ch. 139, § 65, [63 Stat. 99](#).)

<https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/28/144>

Color of Law Violations

Law enforcement officers and other officials like judges and prosecutors have been given tremendous power by local, state, and federal government agencies—authority they must have to enforce the law and ensure justice in our country. These powers include the authority to detain

and arrest suspects, to search and seize property, to bring criminal charges, to make rulings in court, and to use deadly force in certain situations.

Preventing abuse of this authority, however, is equally necessary to the health of our nation's democracy. That's why it's a federal crime for anyone to use their position to willfully deprive or conspire to deprive a person of a right protected by the Constitution or U.S. law.

The FBI is the lead federal agency for investigating color of law violations, which include acts carried out by government officials operating both within and beyond the limits of their lawful authority. Off-duty conduct may be covered if the perpetrator used their official status in some way.

Failure to keep from harm: The public counts on its law enforcement officials to protect local communities. If it's shown that an official willfully failed to keep an individual from harm, that official could be in violation of the color of law statute.

READ WHAT YOU LIED AND TOLD THE PEOPLE

This guy literally's top priorities NOT TO DO, is everything he's done against me ! Here is what he claims he doesn't want to do to anyone, but in his younger years he wasn't aware



Israel Claustro

Deputy District Attorney, County of Orange

375,917 votes (59.1%) **Winning** ✓

+ MY CHOICE

Candidate has provided information.

Thank candidate for sharing their information on Voter's Edge. ✉

My Top 3 Priorities

- Commitment to Judicial Independence and unbiased rulings
- Ensuring the public has equal access to Justice / willingness to listen to all sides
- Upholding the law with highest standards of ethics

Well, apparently his unaware he's still a biased person

Superior Court Judge, Office No. 45

1. What do you see as the biggest challenge facing administration of justice at OC Superior Court, and what would you do to address it?

Israel Claustro: "Crime victims and civil litigants frequently complain of long delays in the adjudicatory process, which thereby results in declining confidence in the efficiency of the administration of justice. I would encourage either the early resolution of cases or setting firm trial dates to ensure certainty for all parties involved."

2. What are the biggest mistakes you've made in your professional career and what did you do to address them?

Claustro: "Very early in my career, I didn't fully appreciate how prosecutorial discretion affected victims and defendants because I handled large caseloads. I quickly learned to fairly and justly exercise discretion to ensure justice and fairness to victims and defendants whose lives drastically change after being involved in our justice system." <https://voiceofoc.org/2022/06/how-do-oc-judge-candidates-answer-about-their-past-mistakes-current-justice-challenges/>

Full of himself <https://votersedge.org/ca/en/election/2022-06-07/orange-county/judge-orange->

[county-superior-court-office-45/israel-claustro](#)

Claustro has served as a Senior Deputy District Attorney and an Assistant Head of Court at the Orange County District Attorney's Office since 2020, where he has served in several roles since 2002. He served as a Law Clerk at the Orange County District Attorney's Office from 2001 to 2002 <https://www.gov.ca.gov/2022/11/07/governor-newsom-announces-judicial-appointments-11-7-22/#:~:text=Claustro%20has%20served%20as%20a,Office%20from%202001%20to%202002.>